



ECE606: Solid State Devices Lecture 37: Nonideal Effects in MOSFET

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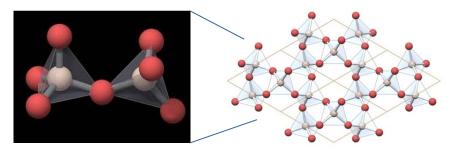
Outline

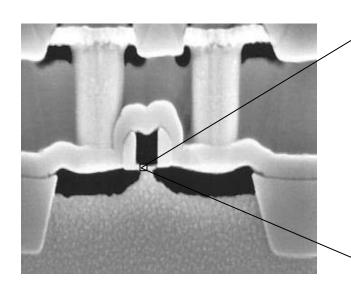
- 1. Flat band voltage
- 2. VT-shift due to trapped charges
- 3. Physics of interface traps
- 4. Conclusion

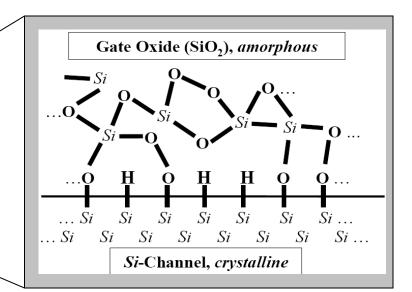
$$V_{th} = V_{th,ideal} + \phi_{MS} - \frac{\gamma_M Q_M}{C_O} - \frac{Q_F}{C_O} - \frac{Q_{IT}(\phi_s)}{C_O}$$

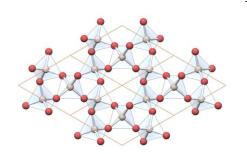
SiO and SiH Bonds

Google image

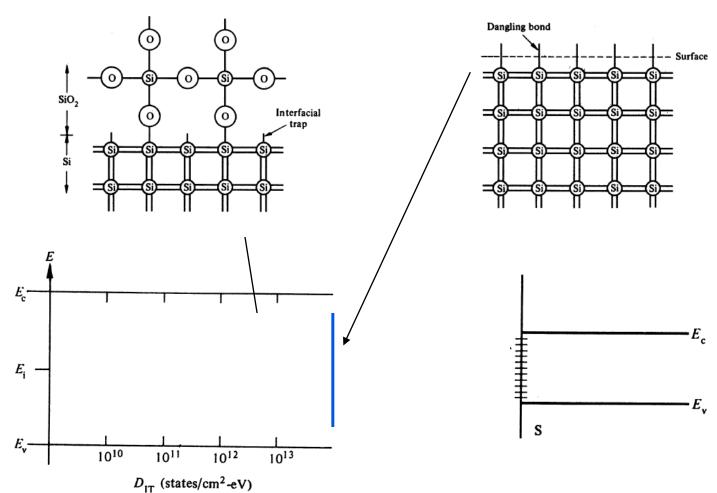








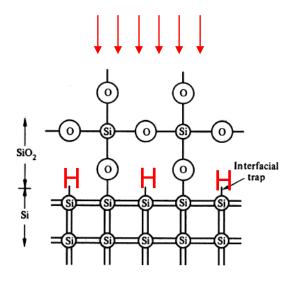
Interface States

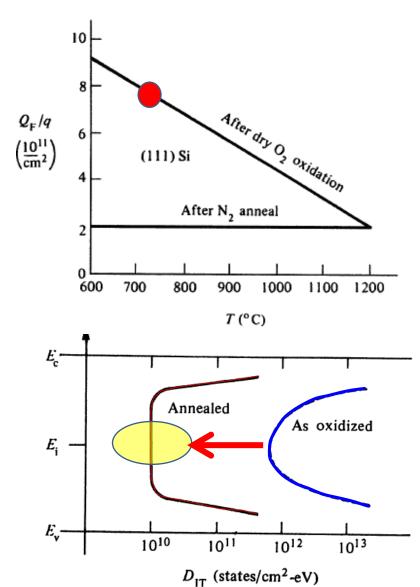


HW: Unpassivated bonds ~10¹⁴ cm⁻²

'Annealing' of Interface States

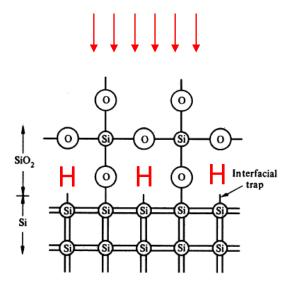
Forming gas anneal

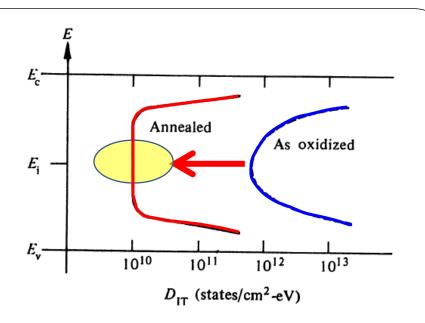


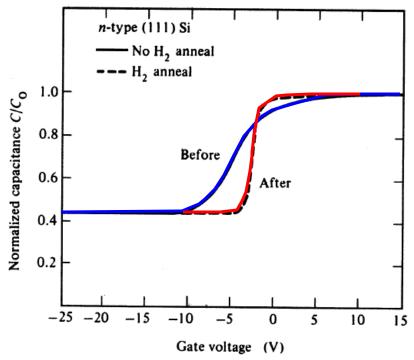


C-V Stretch Out

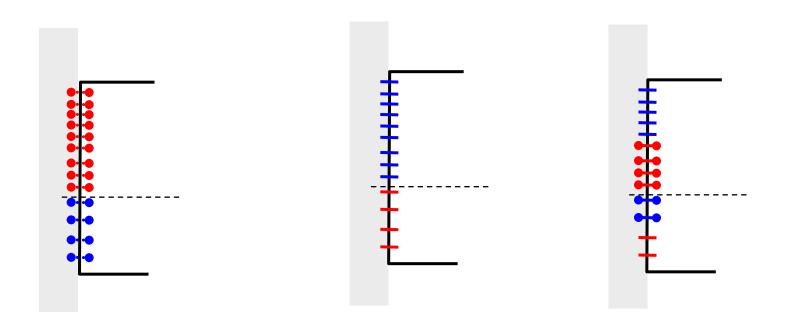
Forming gas anneal







Nature of Donor and Acceptor Traps



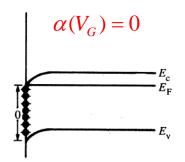
Donor level
Positive when empty
Neutral when full

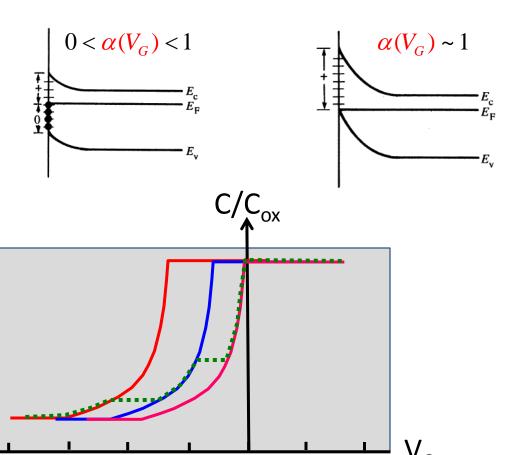
Acceptor level
Neutral when empty
Negative when full

Combination when both are present

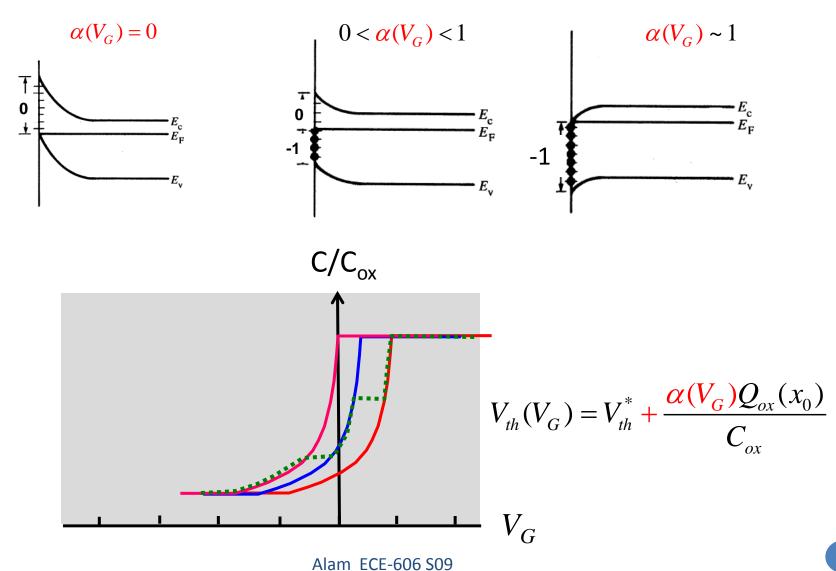
Donor like Interface States

$$V_{th} = V_{th}^* - \frac{1}{C_{ox} x_0} \int_0^{x_0} x \times \alpha(V_G) \times Q_{ox}(x) \delta(x - x_o) dx = V_{th}^* - \frac{\alpha(V_G) Q_{ox}(x_0)}{C_{ox}}$$

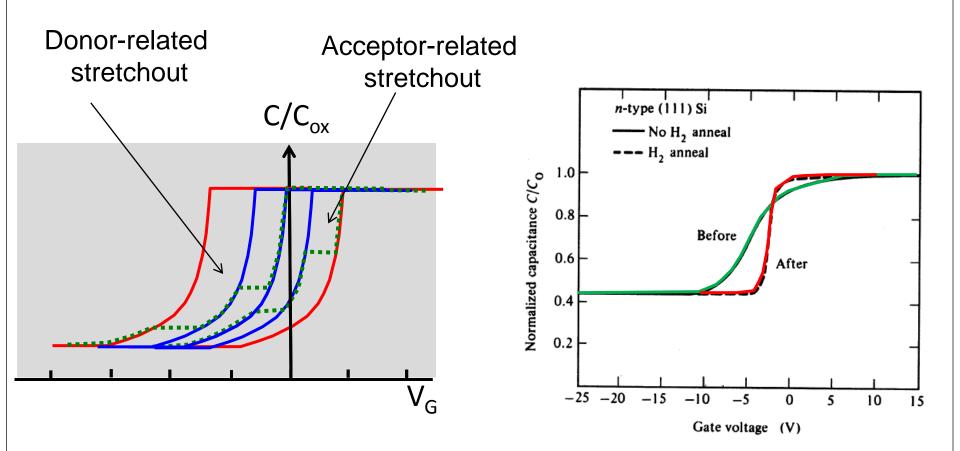




Acceptor like Interface States



Acceptor and Donor Traps Combined



Conclusion

- Non-ideal threshold characteristics are important consideration of MOSFET design.
- 2) The non-idealities arise from differences in gate and substrate work function, trapped charges, interface states.
- 3) Although nonindeal effects often arise from transistor degradation, there are many cases where these effects can be used to enhance desirable characteristics.